
workingless

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Holidays and working days calculations.

INSTALLATION

```
$ pip install workingless
```


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2.1 Usage

Workingless has four methods for the countries supported, they are: `get_holidays_from_year`, `is_holiday`, `is_working_day` and `get_next_working_day`.

Example usage:

```
import datetime

from workingless import countries

colombia = countries.COL()
holidays = colombia.get_holidays_from_year(year=2020)
print(type(holidays)) # <class 'generator'>
print(list(holidays))
# result:
# [
#     datetime.date(2020, 1, 1),
#     datetime.date(2020, 1, 6),
#     datetime.date(2020, 3, 23),
#     datetime.date(2020, 4, 5),
#     datetime.date(2020, 4, 9),
#     datetime.date(2020, 4, 10),
#     datetime.date(2020, 4, 12),
#     datetime.date(2020, 5, 1),
#     datetime.date(2020, 5, 25),
#     datetime.date(2020, 6, 15),
#     datetime.date(2020, 6, 22),
#     datetime.date(2020, 6, 29),
#     datetime.date(2020, 7, 20),
#     datetime.date(2020, 8, 7),
#     datetime.date(2020, 8, 17),
#     datetime.date(2020, 10, 12),
#     datetime.date(2020, 11, 2),
#     datetime.date(2020, 11, 16),
#     datetime.date(2020, 12, 8),
#     datetime.date(2020, 12, 25)
# ]
colombia.is_holiday(date=datetime.date(2020, 1, 1)) # True
colombia.is_working_day(datetime.date(2020, 1, 1)) # False
colombia.get_next_working_day(datetime.date(2020, 1, 1)) # datetime.date(2020, 1, 2)
```

2.2 API Reference

2.2.1 Contents

Calculators

Calculators implement specific algorithms for holiday calculations.

Easter Calculator

class `workingless.calculators.EasterCalculator` (*days: int*)

Holidays calculations based in easter date. The holiday could be n days +/- from easter date.

Parameters `days` (*int*) – days of difference from easter date

calculate (*year: int*) → `datetime.date`

It returns easter date +/- days passed in constructor.

Parameters `year` (*int*) – year for calculate holiday

Returns holiday date

Return type `datetime.date`

Fixed Calculator

class `workingless.calculators.FixedCalculator` (*month: int, day: int*)

This is the simplest implementation. It returns exactly the same date.

Parameters

- `month` – month
- `day` – day

calculate (*year: int*) → `datetime.date`

It returns exactly the same date given.

Parameters `year` (*int*) – year for calculate holiday

Returns holiday date

Return type `datetime.date`

Moving Calculator

class `workingless.calculators.MovingCalculator` (*month, day, next_day=0*)

Holidays calculation based in moving date if date isn't the specific date. For example: base date is january 6, if that date is not monday, holiday will be next monday.

Parameters

- `month` (*int*) – base month
- `day` (*int*) – base day
- `next_day` (*int*) – next day to move holiday

calculate (*year*)

Calculate holiday from base date

Parameters **year** (*int*) – year for calculate holiday

Returns holiday date

Return type datetime.date

Position Day Calculator

class workingless.calculators.**PositionDayCalculator** (*month: int, day: int, position: int, weekday: int = 0*)

Holidays calculation when holiday is position day of month.

For example:

- First monday of february
- Third monday of march

Parameters

- **month** (*int*) – month
- **day** (*int*) – base day, usually first (1)
- **position** (*int*) – position of the month
- **weekday** (*int*) – day of week

calculate (*year: int*) → datetime.date

Calculate holiday based in position day of month

Parameters **year** (*int*) – year for calculate holiday

Returns holiday date

Return type datetime.date

Every N Years Calculator

class workingless.calculators.**EveryNYearsCalculator** (*month: int, day: int, base_year: int, every: int*)

Holidays calculations based in every years from base year

Parameters

- **month** (*int*) – month if every year is satisfied
- **day** (*int*) – day if every year is satisfied
- **base_year** (*int*) – base year for calculation
- **every** (*int*) – how often

calculate (*year: int*) → Optional[datetime.date]

It return base date if the `year` meets the condition

Parameters **year** (*int*) – year for calculate holiday

Returns if year meets the condition, None otherwise.

Return type `datetime.date`

Utils

`workingless.utils.get_next_day` (*date: datetime.date, next_day: int = 0*) → `datetime.date`
Get next day if date is not equal than date

Parameters

- **date** (*datetime.date*) – from date
- **next_day** (*int*) – next day. MONDAY is default

Returns

same date if day from **date** is equal to **next_date**, date with **next_day** otherwise.

Return type `date`

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